

Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments: A Quantitative Analysis

Thomas P. Diakos¹ Johann A. Briffa¹ Tim W. C. Brown²
Stephan Wesemeyer¹

¹Department of Computing, University of Surrey, Guildford

²Centre for Communication Systems Research, University of Surrey, Guildford

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Outline

Introduction: Near Field Communications

Eavesdropping Antennas

Experimental Work

Results

Conclusions and Future Work

Near Field Communications

Near Field

- ▶ Distance \ll Wavelength ($\approx 22\text{m}$)
- ▶ HF 13.56 MHz radio inductive coupling
- ▶ H-fields
- ▶ Reader and tag (passive)
- ▶ **Short** ('from a touch to a few cm') range of operation

NFC devices

- ▶ Reader and tag on the same device
- ▶ Power on-board

Near Field Communications

Near Field Contactless Payments

- ▶ Marketed as ideal for quick, convenient transactions
- ▶ Contactless Cards and NFC devices
- ▶ 23 million cards in the UK alone
- ▶ 13.32% of smartphones equipped with NFC

Near Field Communications

Near Field Contactless Payments

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What's the catch?

'Because the transmission range is so short, NFC-enabled transactions are inherently secure.'

<http://nfc-forum.org/what-is-nfc/nfc-in-action/>

Motivation

Eavesdropping - Chosen attack

- ▶ Why eavesdropping?

Motivation

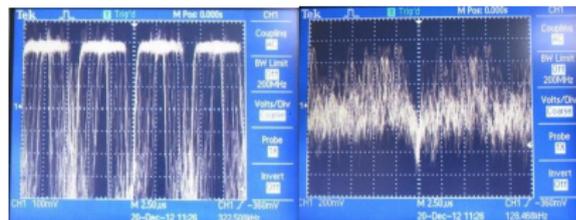
Eavesdropping - Chosen attack

- ▶ Why eavesdropping?
- ▶ 'Inherently' secure?
- ▶ Difficult to defend against
- ▶ 'Contact world' heritage

Motivation

Eavesdropping - Past work

- ▶ Expensive, cumbersome equipment
- ▶ No control over transmit power
- ▶ Traces on a scope?



Our contribution

Motivation

Eavesdropping - Past work

- ▶ Expensive, cumbersome equipment
- ▶ No control over transmit power
- ▶ Traces on a scope?

Our contribution

- ▶ Relatively inexpensive, inconspicuous equipment
- ▶ Varying Magnetic field strength
- ▶ Quantitative analysis

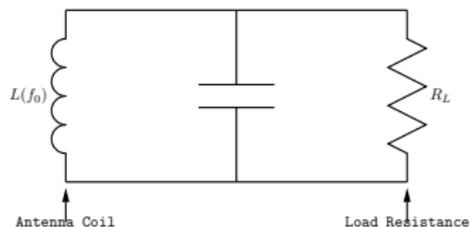
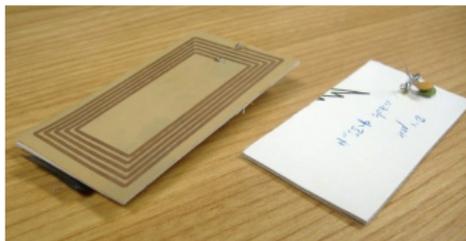
Design Factors

The ideal eavesdropping antenna

- ▶ Maximise SNR
- ▶ Resonance
- ▶ Suitable Q factor
- ▶ Impedance matched

NFC antenna design principles

Ideal H-antenna



- ▶ H-field antenna
- ▶ L constant
- ▶ R (DC) negligible

NFC Antenna Design Principles

H-Antenna Receiver Mode

- ▶ In RX mode:

$$\frac{V_L}{V_{in}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{j\omega L(\omega)}{R_L} - \omega^2 LC} \quad (1)$$

- ▶ At resonance:

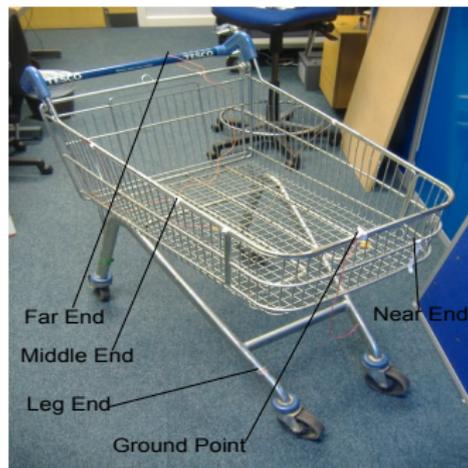
$$\frac{V_L}{V_{in}} = \frac{R_L \sqrt{C}}{j\sqrt{L}(\omega_o)} \quad (2)$$

H-Antenna Conclusions

- ▶ Low Inductance, high load Resistance
- ▶ Magnitude of 2 is equal to the Q-factor

Large Metallic structures

The shopping trolley



- ▶ Various distances
- ▶ Fixed Ground
- ▶ Network Analyser

The shopping trolley

Findings at 13.5 MHz

Scenario	Inductance at 13.5 MHz / μH	Resistance at 13.5 MHz / Ω
Near End	0.42	1.31
Middle End	1.42	18.48
Leg End	3.73	70.66
Far End	2.59	7.67

- ▶ Connection point dependence

Shopping Trolley antenna

Pros

- ▶ Ease of execution (variable C)
- ▶ High load resistance desirable
- ▶ Short connection points

cons

- ▶ Trolley resistance
- ▶ Loop size

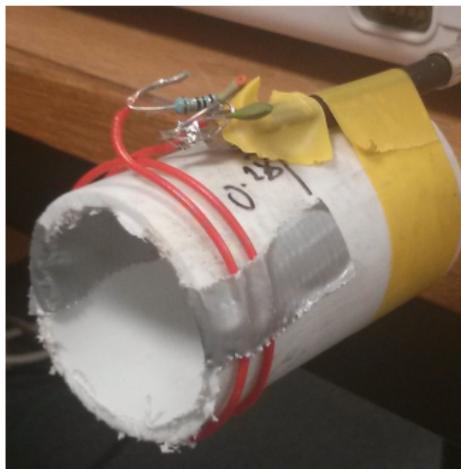
Eavesdropping Antenna Benchmarks

Eavesdropping H-fields

- ▶ H-loop antenna used as a transmitter
- ▶ Controlled H-field through current
- ▶ Signal generator and power amplifier
- ▶ Three types of eavesdropping antennas
- ▶ Path Loss measurements

NFC Antenna Design Principles

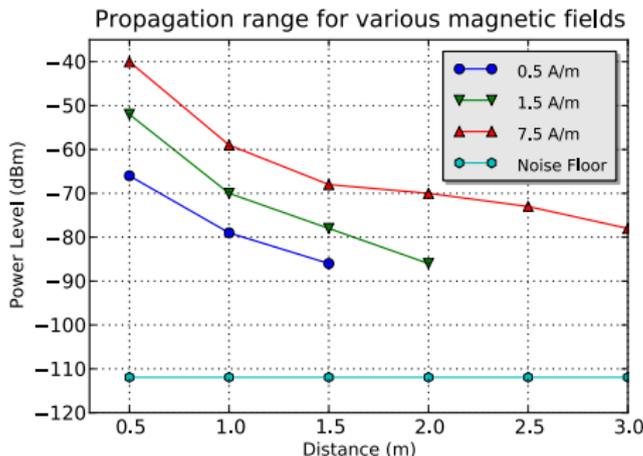
H-Loop Antenna



- ▶ Matched to $50\ \Omega$ with a resistor ($10\ \Omega$) in series

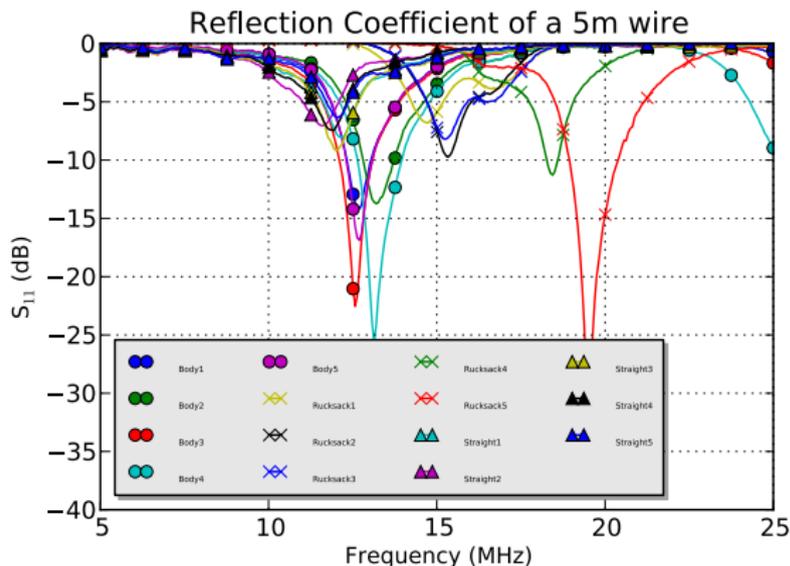
Path Loss Measurements

Various H-fields for H-loop and trolley only



Quarter Wavelength Antenna

S_{11} Reflection Coefficients



Quarter Wavelength Antenna

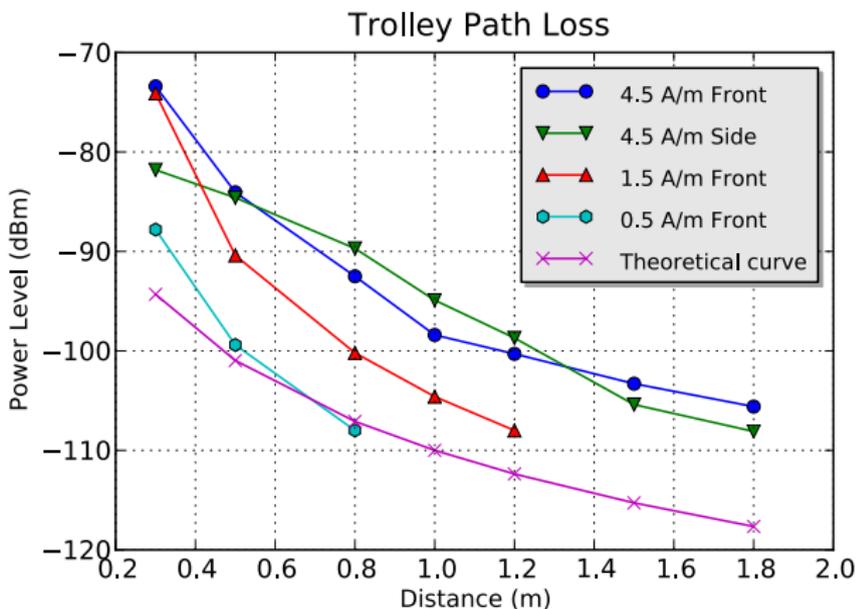
Worn over body



- ▶ Water content of body reduces efficiency

Path Loss Measurements

Trolley



Path Loss Measurements

Summary

- ▶ H-loop and trolley are most efficient
- ▶ Antenna orientation
- ▶ H-field strength
- ▶ Proceed with FER measurements

Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Near Field Contactless Payments

- ▶ PHY layer based on ISO 14443 standard
- ▶ Half-duplex communication
- ▶ Type A and Type B

Near Field Contactless Payments

ISO 14443 type A communication

- ▶ 106kbps or 9.4 μ s bit duration
- ▶ Manchester encoded baseband
- ▶ 847 kHz Subcarrier modulation (OOK)
- ▶ Standard / short frames
- ▶ SOF and EOF markers

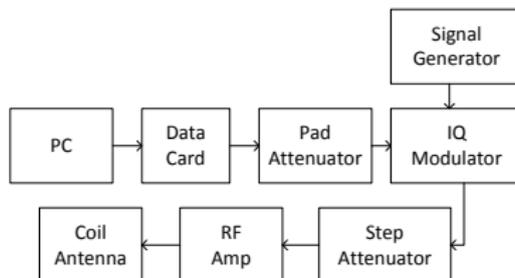
Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Computing Frame Error Rates

- ▶ A known (random), long sequence
- ▶ Transmitter / Receiver
- ▶ Processing and computation

Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

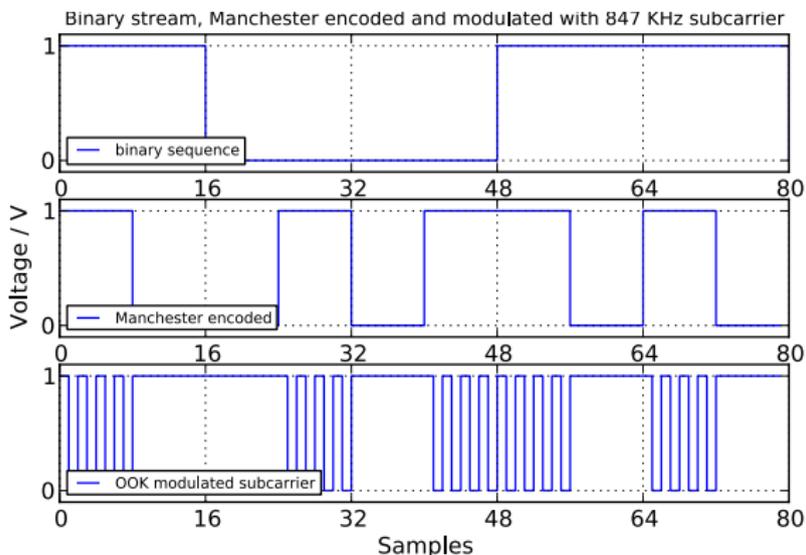
Transmitter arrangement



- ▶ Synthetic data, 60 bytes per frame
- ▶ Subcarrier generated in software
- ▶ External trigger signal at 1.7 MHz

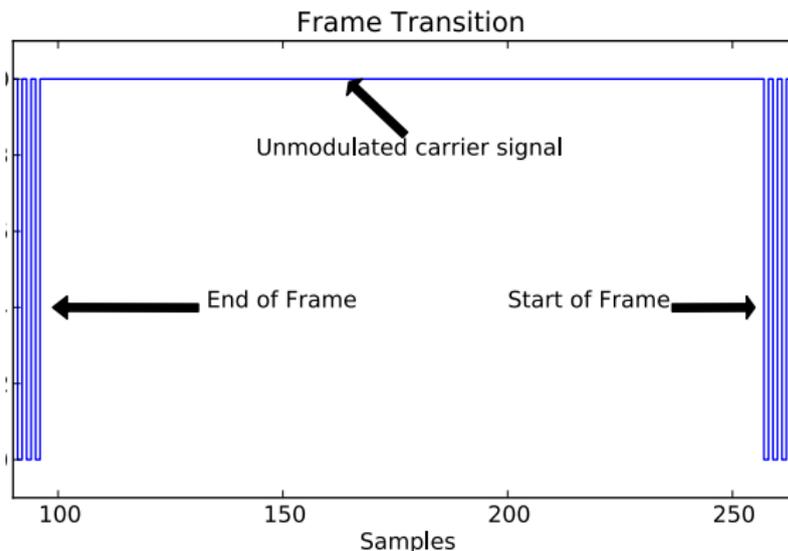
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Sequence of 5 bits



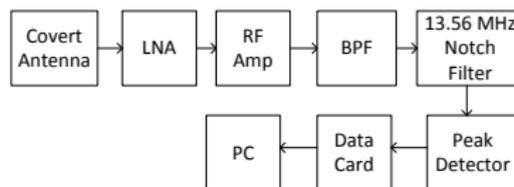
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Transition between two PICC frames



Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

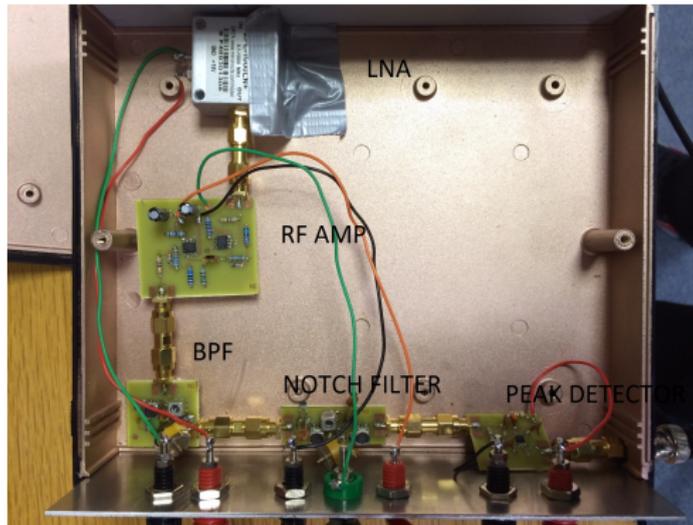
Receiver arrangement



- ▶ LNA maximises SNR
- ▶ Band Pass Filter 12.7-14.4MHz
- ▶ Logarithmic detector

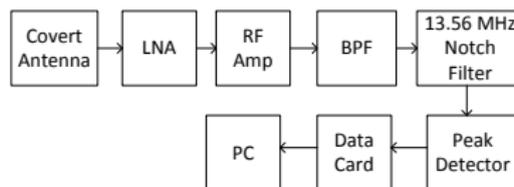
Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Receiver arrangement



Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

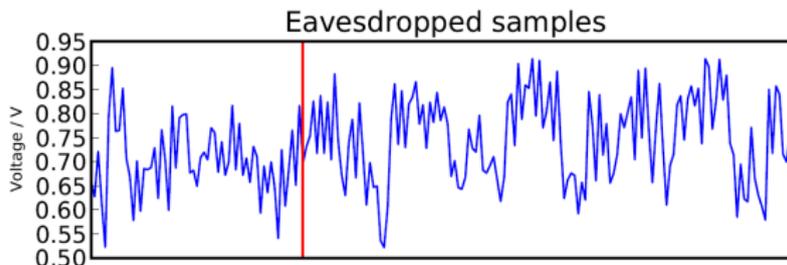
Receiver arrangement



- ▶ LNA maximises SNR
- ▶ Band Pass Filter 12.7-14.4MHz
- ▶ Logarithmic detector
- ▶ Capture card sampling at 1.7MS/s

Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

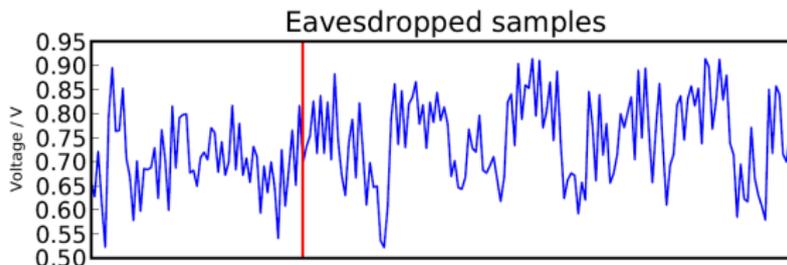
Noise corruption



- ▶ Frame synchronisation becomes challenging

Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

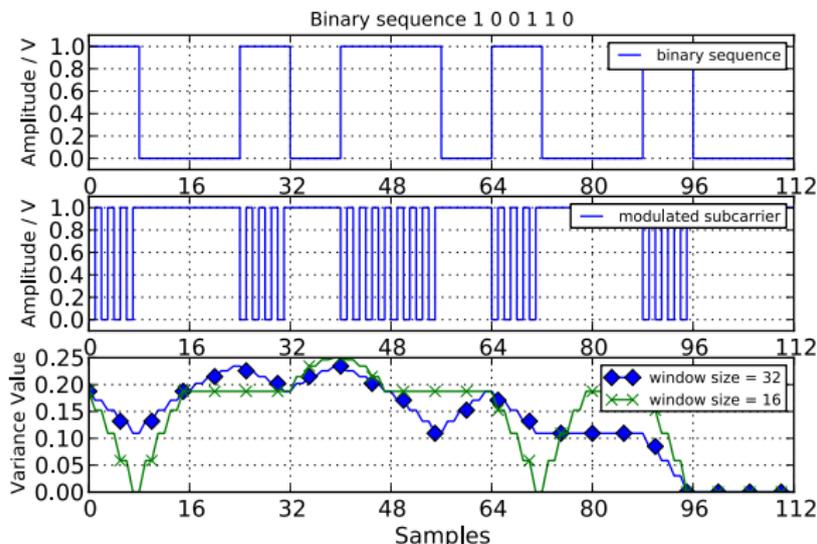
Noise corruption



- ▶ Frame synchronisation becomes challenging
- ▶ Variance computing sliding window
- ▶ Threshold crossing

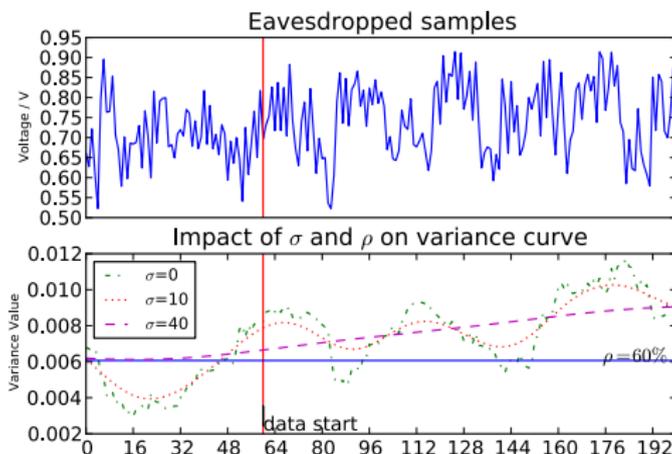
Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Variance sliding window



Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Variance smoothing and threshold



► Gaussian smoothing

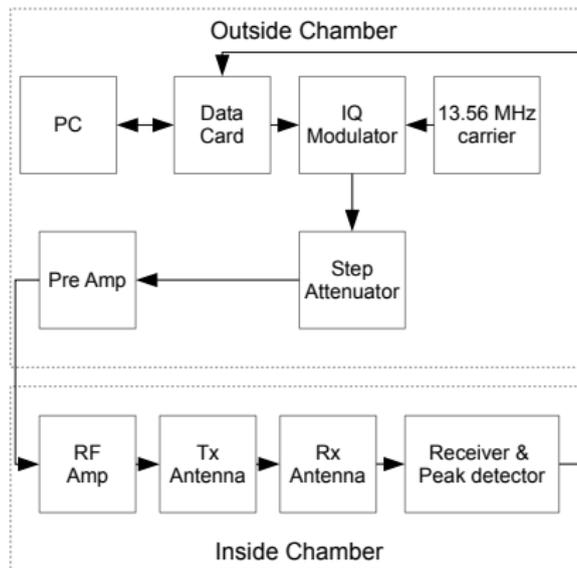
Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Robust Frame Synchronisation

- ▶ Frame length
- ▶ Rough estimate based on ρ crossing
- ▶ $(EOF - SOF - 32) \pm Y \Rightarrow$ multiple of 144
- ▶ Cross correlation for bit decoding

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Experimental Set-up



Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Receiver circuit and antenna



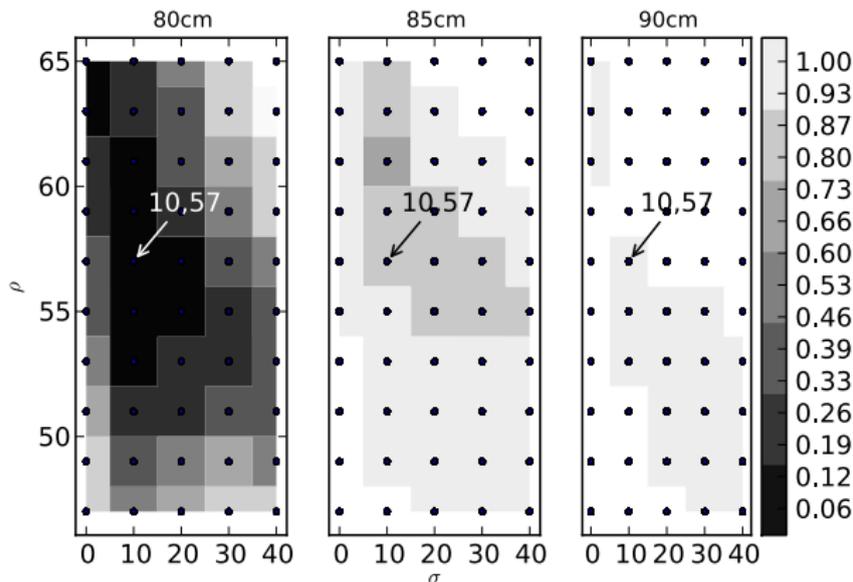
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Preliminary testing

- ▶ Anechoic chamber
- ▶ Controlled environment
- ▶ 500 frame tests
- ▶ Establish σ and ρ values

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σ and ρ selection at 7.45 A/m



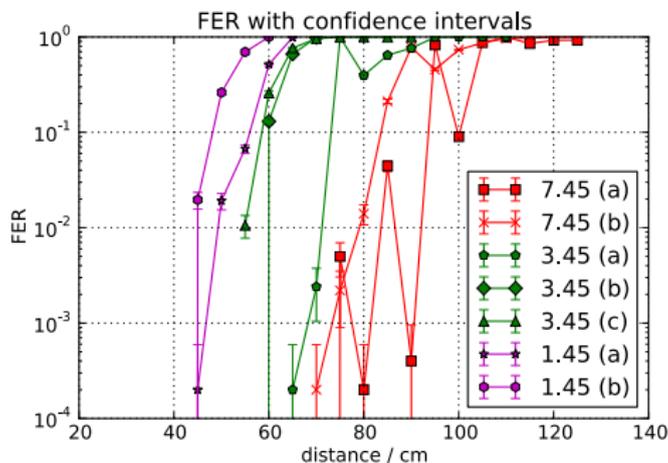
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Experimental procedure

- ▶ 5000 frames (20 minutes per run)
- ▶ 20–170 cm, increments of 5 cm (2–30 cm for trolley)
- ▶ 1.5, 3.45, 7.45 A/m
- ▶ Experiments ran over 2 days

Results

H-Loop Antenna FER



- Normal approximation, 95% confidence interval levels

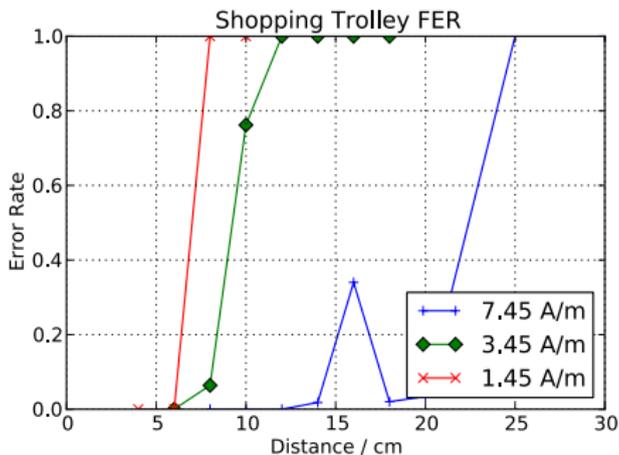
Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Shopping trolley eavesdropping arrangement



Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Shopping trolley FER ($\sigma = 10$, $\rho = 50$)



- ▶ Trolley generates its own noise, lossy antenna

Conclusions and Future work

Conclusions

- ▶ Eavesdropping distance 45-90 cm in shielded environment
- ▶ Similar conditions to those found in underground stations
- ▶ Relatively inexpensive equipment, inconspicuous antennas
- ▶ Gaussian filtering and variance computation are reliable

Future work

- ▶ Real data with real devices
- ▶ Improve portability (FPGA), integrate a skimmer
- ▶ What does this mean for the user?

Eavesdropping Near Field Contactless Payments

Thank you for listening

Please forward any questions