COMPUTER SCIENCE TRIPOS Part II -2021 – Paper 8

2 Bioinformatics (pl219)

(a) Compute the nearest neighbour phylogeny from the four species (B,M,H,O) distance matrix.

$$\begin{pmatrix}
B & M & H & O \\
B & 0 & 5 & 6 & 4 \\
M & 5 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\
H & 6 & 3 & 0 & 2 \\
O & 4 & 2 & 2 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

[6 marks]

- (b) Can we always build a phylogenetic tree from a distance matrix? [2 marks]
- (c) Derive the Burrows-Wheeler (BWT) transform of the string 'TAGTATA'. How can the transform be reversed? Comment on the use of BWT for a genome sequence that has many repeated substrings. [4 marks]
- (d) Three analysis techinques for gene expression data (microarray) are hierarchical clustering, k-means and Markov clustering. Describe the structure of a set of experimental results that could be analysed by all three techniques and state what each form of analysis might identify and any additional inputs required.

 [4 marks]
- (e) Discuss how a Hidden Markov Model can be used to identify different gene parts and how many sequences might be needed to compute reliable transition probabilities. [4 marks]