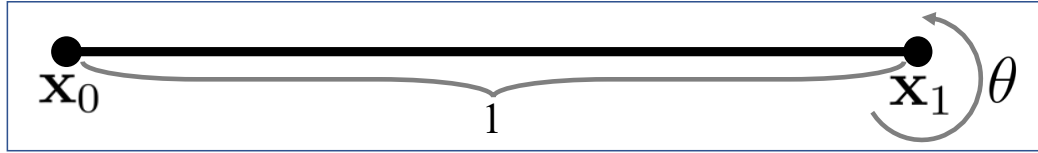


7 Further Graphics (aco41)

- (a) You are given a unit length rod as in the figure. There is no rotation at one end of the rod at point \mathbf{x}_0 and a rotation around the plane normal \mathbf{n} is defined at the other end \mathbf{x}_1 . This rotation is interpolated along the rod. The interpolation weight for \mathbf{x} on the rod is $\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_i\|$ for the rotation at \mathbf{x} , $i = 0, 1$.



- (i) Write the rotation in quaternion form at \mathbf{x} given a rotation of $\theta \leq \pi$ at \mathbf{x}_1 assuming shortest path interpolation of rotations in $\text{SO}(3)$. [3 marks]
 - (ii) At \mathbf{x}_1 at time $t = 0$ there is no rotation and at $t = 1$ the rotation angle is $\pi/2$. Write the quaternion at \mathbf{x} at any time in $[0, 1]$ assuming the shortest path interpolation in $\text{SO}(3)$ over time and over the rod. [3 marks]
 - (iii) Answer (ii), this time assuming linear blending of quaternions along the rod and the shortest path interpolation in $\text{SO}(3)$ over time. [3 marks]
 - (iv) Write an expression for the norm of the quaternion in (iii). [3 marks]
- (b) Given a triangle in 3D with vertex locations $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3$,
- (i) determine a condition on the vertices for the triangle to define a valid plane, [1 mark]
 - (ii) define a parametric form $\mathbf{p}(u, v)$ for the plane of the triangle assuming it defines a valid plane, [2 marks]
 - (iii) write an expression for the normal of the plane, [1 mark]
 - (iv) write the steps of an algorithm to find the closest point of a point \mathbf{x} in space on the triangle. [4 marks]